

## Why we need a patient-centric approach

## to CardioMetabolic Disease **Research and Development**

Patients with cardiometabolic diseases often have multiple conditions connected by underlying similar pathologies

INFLAMMATION

METABOLIC

#### **Diabetic Eye Diseases**

- Diabetic retinopathy is the leading cause of vision loss in adults<sup>2</sup>
- One-third of patients with type 2 diabetes have diabetic retinopathy<sup>2</sup>

#### Diabetic Kidney Disease

- Diabetes, hypertension and kidney disease are highly interlinked
- Up to 40% patients with type 2 diabetes will develop chronic kidney disease<sup>2</sup>

#### Overweight & Obesity

- Worldwide obesity has nearly tripled
- In 2016, nearly 2 billion adults1
- worldwide were overweight or obese. • About 13% of the world's adult
- population were obese in 2016<sup>1</sup>

#### Type 2 Diabetes

- Affects 425 million people worldwide<sup>2</sup>
- 1 in 10 adults estimated to have diabetes by 2040<sup>2</sup>
- Complications include increased incidence of stroke and heart attack, kidney disease, diabetic retinopathy, liver disease<sup>2,3</sup>
- More than half of patients with type 2 diabetes are obese4

#### **NASH**

- Global prevalence of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease (NAFLD) is currently estimated to be 24%5
- Both NAFLD and the more serious form non-alcoholic steatohepatitis (NASH) are highly prevalent among patients with type 2 diabetes
- NASH is expected to become the most common cause of advanced liver disorders, eventually necessitating liver transplantation, in the coming decades

#### 3 key processes are involved in the progressive development of CardioMetabolic Diseases By exploring disease mechanisms and common

pathways within various cardiometabolic diseases, we aim to create synergies across our research programs.

Our holistic approach gives us the opportunity to explore a number of different research fields, allowing us to prioritize the most promising avenues of discovery, as we pursue the next wave of innovative medicines.



#### 2 main factors contribute to metabolic

dysfunction: genetics and over-eating

**Our Research in** 



insulin to cope with raised glucose levels Changes in lipid metabolism

Leads to subcutaneous

stimulate peripheral lipolysis

and visceral fat deposition

THIS CAN **CAUSE AN INFLAMMATORY** 

**RESPONSE** 

Raised

blood

sugar

**Metabolic Dysfunction** We are applying cutting edge science to address significant unmet

medical need in obesity and type 2 diabetes.

Weight

gain

(visible)

Several research collaborations contribute to our work in this area. For example, together with ETH Zurich we are exploring the molecular foundations of these conditions and in collaboration

with Zealand Pharma and Gubra we are investigating novel peptidic compounds for the treatment of obesity and type 2 diabetes.

# **INFLAMMATION**



deposition can cause inflammation

Raised lipids and increased fat

also be caused by other factors such as alcohol or viruses

Inflammation can

### **Inflammation** Our research approach directed towards the

**Our Research in** 

inflammatory pathways may have potential in



INFLAMMATION **LEADS TO CELL/TISSUE** DAMAGE AND **ACTIVATES THE FIBROTIC PROCESS** (TISSUE

SCARRING)

CHRONIC

kidney and eye is a key component in the pathophysiology of several diabetic complications

> **Our Research** in Fibrosis

Inflammation in the liver,



of fibrotic tissue leads to

Progressive development



## We are committed to accelerating research in fibrosis

and are exploring novel pathways and new therapeutic approaches to address the significant unmet medical need in this area. Working together with Dicerna Pharmaceuticals, we are

investigating new approaches that address previously inaccessible drug targets to protect and restore liver functionality in NASH and fibrotic liver disease. Our partnerships with the Harvard Stem Cell Institute/ Harvard Fibrosis Network and Hydra BioSciences explore novel pathways and molecular targets for the treatment of NASH and chronic kidney disease.

Putting patients at the heart of innovation in

Disease Research and **Development** 

**CardioMetabolic Boehringer Ingelheim** 

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